

P 219 15, 17, 19-21, 23-27, 29, 33, 43, 45, 47, 71

$$\textcircled{15} \quad \alpha = \frac{\Delta \omega}{\Delta t} \quad \omega = 2\pi f = 2\pi \left( \frac{15000 \text{ rpm}}{60 \text{ s min}^{-1}} \right) = 1570.8 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{(1570.8 \text{ rad s}^{-1})}{220 \text{ s}} = 7.14 \text{ rad s}^{-2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= \omega_i t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (7.14 \text{ rad s}^{-2}) (220 \text{ s})^2 \\ &= 172788 \text{ rad.} \end{aligned}$$

$$1 \text{ revolution} = 2\pi \text{ rad.}$$

$$\frac{172788 \text{ rad}}{2\pi} = 27500 \text{ revolutions} = \underline{2.8 \times 10^4 \text{ revolutions}}$$

$$\textcircled{17} \text{ (a)} \quad \theta = \omega_i t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2\theta}{t^2} = \frac{2(20 \text{ rev})(2\pi \text{ rad rev}^{-1})}{(60 \text{ s})^2} = \underline{0.0698 \text{ rad s}^{-2}}$$

$$\text{(b)} \quad \omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t$$

$$= (0.0698 \text{ rad s}^{-1})(60 \text{ s}) = 4.19 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$$

convert to rpm

$$\frac{4.19 \text{ rad s}^{-1}}{2\pi \text{ rad rev}^{-1}} (60 \text{ s min}^{-1}) = \underline{40. \text{ rpm}}$$

$$(19) \omega_i = 2\pi f = 2\pi \left( \frac{850 \text{ rev min}^{-1}}{60 \text{ s min}^{-1}} \right) = 89.0 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$$

$$\omega_f = 0$$

$$\theta = 1500 \text{ rev} (2\pi \text{ rad rev}^{-1}) = 9424.78 \text{ rad}$$

$$(a) \omega_f^2 = \omega_i^2 + 2\alpha\theta$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\omega_f^2 - \omega_i^2}{2\theta} = \frac{-(89.0 \text{ rad s}^{-1})^2}{2(9424.78 \text{ rad})} = -0.42 \text{ rad s}^{-2}$$

$$(b) \omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t$$

$$t = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_i}{\alpha} = \frac{-89.0 \text{ rad s}^{-1}}{(-0.42 \text{ rad s}^{-2})} = \underline{210 \text{ s}}$$

(20) (a) linear velocity at the contact point is equal

$$v_{\text{small}} = \omega_s r_s$$

$$v_{\text{pottery}} = \omega_p r_p$$

$$v_{\text{small}} = v_{\text{pottery}}$$

$$\omega_s r_s = \omega_p r_p$$

$$\alpha_s = \frac{\omega_s}{\Delta t}$$

$$\alpha_p = \frac{\omega_p}{\Delta t}$$

$\Delta t$  is the same.

$$\frac{\omega_s}{\alpha_s} = \frac{\omega_p}{\alpha_p}$$

$$\alpha_p = \frac{\omega_p}{\omega_s} \alpha_s = \frac{r_s}{r_p} \alpha_s = \frac{.02 \text{ m}}{.25 \text{ m}} (7.2 \text{ rad s}^{-2})$$

$$\underline{\alpha_{\text{pottery}} = 0.58 \text{ rad s}^{-2}}$$

$$(b) \omega_f = 2\pi f = 2\pi \left( \frac{65 \text{ rpm}}{60 \text{ s min}^{-1}} \right) = 6.81 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$$

$$\omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t$$

$$t = \frac{\omega_f}{\alpha} = \frac{6.81 \text{ rad s}^{-1}}{0.58 \text{ rad s}^{-2}} = \underline{12 \text{ s}}$$

(21) (a)  $\omega_f^2 = \omega_i^2 + 2\alpha\theta$        $v = \omega r$        $v = 45 \text{ kmh}^{-1} = 12.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$   
 $\alpha = \frac{\omega_f^2 - \omega_i^2}{2\theta}$        $\omega = \frac{v}{r}$        $u = 95 \text{ kmh}^{-1} = 26.4 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{12.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}}{.4 \text{ m}}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{26.4 \text{ ms}^{-1}}{.4 \text{ m}}\right)^2}{2(2\pi 65)}$$

$$= \underline{-4.1 \text{ rad s}^{-2}}$$

(b)  $\omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t$

$$t = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_i}{\alpha} = \frac{-12.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}}{-4.1 \text{ rad s}^{-1}} = \underline{7.65}$$

(23)  $\Gamma = Fr \sin \theta$

(a)  $\Gamma = Fr = (55 \text{ N})(.74 \text{ m}) = \underline{41 \text{ Nm}}$

(b)  $\Gamma = Fr \sin \theta = (55 \text{ N})(.74 \text{ m}) \sin 45 = \underline{29 \text{ Nm}}$

(24)  $\Gamma = Fr \sin \theta$

$$\Gamma_1 = (28 \text{ N})(.24 \text{ m}) = 6.72 \text{ Nm ccw}$$

$$\Gamma_2 = (35 \text{ N})(.12 \text{ m}) = 4.2 \text{ Nm cw}$$

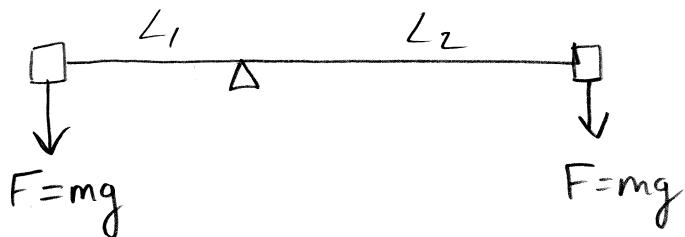
$$\Gamma_3 = (18 \text{ N})(.24 \text{ m}) = 4.32 \text{ Nm cw}$$

$$\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2 + \Gamma_3 = -6.72 \text{ Nm} + 4.2 \text{ Nm} + 4.32 \text{ Nm} = 1.8 \text{ Nm cw}$$

$$\Gamma_f = 4 \text{ Nm ccw}$$

$$\Gamma_{\text{net}} = 1.8 \text{ Nm} - 4 \text{ Nm} = \underline{1.4 \text{ Nm cw}}$$

(25)



$$F = mg$$

$$F = mg$$

$$\Gamma_{cw} = mgL_2$$

$$\Gamma_{ccw} = mgL_1$$

$$\Gamma_{net} = mg(L_2 - L_1) \text{ clockwise}$$

(26)

$$\Gamma = Fr$$

$$F_{wrench} = \frac{\Gamma}{r} = \frac{88 \text{ Nm}}{.28 \text{ m}} = \underline{310 \text{ N}}$$

$$F_{bolt} = \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Gamma}{r} = \frac{(1/6) 88 \text{ Nm}}{7.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}} = \underline{2.0 \times 10^3 \text{ N}}$$

(27)

$$I = \frac{2}{5} mr^2 = \frac{2}{5} (10.8 \text{ kg}) (.648 \text{ m})^2 = 1.81 \text{ kgm}^2$$

(29)

$$(a) I = mr^2 = (.650 \text{ kg}) (1.2 \text{ m})^2 = \underline{0.94 \text{ kgm}^2}$$

$$(b) \Gamma = I\alpha - F_f r$$

$$\alpha = 0$$

because constant  $\omega$

$$\Gamma = F_f r$$

$$= (0.020 \text{ N}) (1.2 \text{ m})$$

$$\underline{\Gamma = 0.024 \text{ Nm}}$$

$$(33) \quad \tau = Fr = I\alpha$$

$$\omega_f = \omega_i + at$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\omega_f}{t} \quad \omega_f = 2\pi f \quad f = \frac{32 \text{ rpm}}{60 \text{ s min}} = 0.533 \text{ Hz}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi f}{t}$$

$$Fr = I\alpha$$

$$Fr = \left(\frac{1}{2}mr^2\right)\left(\frac{2\pi f}{t}\right) = \frac{(3600 \text{ kg})(4.0 \text{ m})\pi(0.533 \text{ Hz})}{(300 \text{ s})} = 80 \text{ N}$$

for each individual rocket

$$F = \frac{80}{4} = \underline{20 \text{ N}}$$

$$(43) \quad E_{\text{rot}} = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega &= 2\pi f \\ &= 2\pi \left(\frac{8250 \text{ rpm}}{60 \text{ s min}^{-1}}\right) \\ &= 863.9 \text{ rad s}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(3.75 \times 10^{-2} \text{ kg m}^2)(863.9 \text{ rad s}^{-1})^2$$

$$= \underline{1.4 \times 10^4 \text{ J}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (45) \quad E_{k \text{ total}} &= E_{k \text{ rot}} + E_k & v &= \omega r \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 & \omega &= \frac{v}{r} \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} I \frac{v^2}{r^2} + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 & I &= \frac{2}{5} m r^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2}{5} m r^2 \right) \frac{v^2}{r^2} + \frac{1}{2} m v^2 \\
 &= \frac{7}{10} m v^2 = \frac{7}{10} (7.3 \text{ kg}) (3.3 \text{ ms}^{-1})^2 \\
 &= \underline{56 \text{ J}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (47) \quad W = E_{k \text{ rot}} &= \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 & \omega &= 2\pi f & f &= \frac{1 \text{ rev}}{8 \text{ s}} \\
 & & I &= \frac{1}{2} m r^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} m r^2 \right) 4\pi^2 \left( \frac{1}{8} \right)^2 \\
 &= \frac{m r^2 \pi^2}{64} = \frac{(1640 \text{ kg}) (7.5 \text{ m}) \pi^2}{64} \\
 &= \underline{1.42 \times 10^4 \text{ J}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{71} \quad \tau = I\alpha$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2}mr^2$$

$$\omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_i}{t}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2\pi f}{t}$$

$$\tau = \left(\frac{1}{2}mr^2\right)\left(\frac{2\pi f}{t}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(1.4 \text{ kg})(.2 \text{ m})^2 \frac{2\pi (1800 \text{ Hz})}{6 \text{ s}}$$

$$= \underline{53 \text{ Nm}}$$